



**DASMA**  
Door & Access Systems  
Manufacturers Association  
International

COMMERCIAL & RESIDENTIAL GARAGE DOOR DIVISION

# TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

## #167

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## Sectional Garage Door and Electric Operator Checklist for Home Inspectors and Consumers

### Introduction

The garage door systems industry recognizes the important safety role played by home inspectors. This checklist intends to help home inspectors maximize the value of their service to homeowners and home buyers.

This checklist covers the most important parts of a basic inspection of a residential sectional garage door connected to an automatic garage door operator. This checklist does not apply to tilt-up one-piece doors.

### **⚠ WARNING**

The garage door is typically the largest moving object in the house, and many of its components are under high tension. Improper installation or maintenance of a garage door can create a hazardous condition that can cause serious injury or even death. If a spring is broken, operating the door can cause serious injury or death. Do not operate the door until the spring is replaced by a trained door systems technician.

Because of potential dangers involved, all repairs and adjustments must be performed by a trained door systems technician using proper tools and instructions.

A moving door can cause serious injury or death. Keep people clear of the opening while the door is moving.

High spring tension can cause serious injury or death. Do not try to remove, repair or adjust springs or anything to which door spring parts are fastened, such as, wood blocks, steel brackets, cables or other like items.

These inspection steps assume that the door is operable and balanced. If the door appears inoperable, a trained door systems technician should be contacted.

This checklist covers the safest procedures that are supported by DASMA. If a home inspector encounters a problematic situation, we urge you to contact a trained door systems technician for a consultation, particularly if any of the items in the checklist are answered "No".

### Items Needed

This 10-point inspection can be performed in a few minutes. To conduct the inspection, you should have (1) a tape measure, (2) a flashlight, (3) a 2x4 piece of wood at least six inches long, and if available, (4) a garage door remote control. Depending on the height of the door, (5) a ladder or step stool may also be helpful.

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This Technical Data Sheet was prepared by the members of DASMA's Commercial & Residential Garage Door Division Technical Committee. DASMA is a trade association comprising manufacturers of rolling doors, fire doors, grilles, counter shutters, sheet doors, and related products; upward-acting residential and commercial garage doors; operating devices for garage doors and gates, sensing devices, and electronic remote controls for garage doors and gate operators; as well as companies that manufacture or supply either raw materials or significant components used in the manufacture and installation of the Active Members' products.

**Sectional Garage Door and Electric Operator**  
Checklist for Home Inspectors and Consumers

Item	Description	Yes	No
<b>1. Manual Release Handle</b>	<u>Does the door have a means of manually detaching the door operator?</u> Begin inside the garage, with the door fully closed. Check for a manual release handle, i.e., a means of manually detaching the door from the door operator. UL 325 requires that the handle (or gripping surface) be colored red and be easily distinguishable from the rest of the operator system. The handle should be easily accessible and no more than six feet above the garage floor.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>2. Door Panels</b>	<u>Are the door panels free of any signs of fatigue, cracking or separation of materials?</u> From inside the garage, with the door fully closed, check the condition of the door panels. NOTE: If the answer is “no,” the door could present a hazardous condition that should be inspected by a trained door systems technician before proceeding with this inspection.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>3. Warning Labels</b>	<u>Are all warning labels present?</u> From inside the garage, with the door fully closed, make sure the door system contains the following warning labels: (1) A spring warning label attached to the spring assembly, (2) A general warning label attached to the back of a door panel, (3) A warning label attached to the wall in the vicinity of the wall control button and (4) Two warning labels attached to the door in the vicinity of the bottom corner brackets. [NOTE: Some newer doors have tamper-resistant bottom corner brackets that will not require these warning labels.]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>4. Spring and Hardware Inspection</b>	<u>Are all hardware parts securely and appropriately attached?</u> With the door still in the closed position, <u>visually</u> inspect the springs for damage. <b>▲WARNING</b> If a spring is broken, operating the door can cause serious injury or death. Do not operate the door until the spring is replaced by a trained door systems technician. Visually check the door’s hinges, brackets and fasteners. If the door has an operator, check that the method of connecting the operator to the door and to the garage walls is secure. If the door has operator reinforcement, check that the reinforcement is securely attached to the door.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>5. Door Operation</b>	<u>Are there handles or suitable gripping points on both the inside and outside of the door? Does the door move freely, without difficulty, and not open more quickly than force applied? Do the rollers stay in the track during operation?</u> Make sure that the door is in the closed position. If the door has an operator, pull the manual release to disconnect the door from the operator. Without straining yourself, manually lift and operate the door by grasping the door in a safe place where your fingers cannot be pinched or injured. If the door is hard to lift, then it is clearly out of balance. This can be an unsafe condition, and maintenance is required.  Raise the door to the fully open position, then close the door. The door should move freely, not open or close more quickly than the force applied, and it should open and close without difficulty. If the door is difficult to open or close, the door should be inspected by a trained door systems technician before proceeding with the inspection. As the door operates, make sure that the rollers stay in the track. If any rollers fall out of the track, the door system should be repaired by a trained door systems technician before you proceed with the inspection. After conducting this check, reconnect the door to the operator, if present.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

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Item	Description	Yes	No
<b>6. Spring Containment</b>	<u>Are counterbalance springs and their attachment components restrained by a cable or shaft?</u> The counterbalance system is usually comprised of torsion springs, mounted above the door header, or extension springs, which are usually found next to the horizontal track. When springs break, containment helps to prevent broken parts from flying dangerously in the garage. Torsion springs are already mounted on a shaft, which inherently provides containment. If the door has extension springs, verify that spring containment is present. Extension springs should be contained by a secure cable that runs through the center of the springs.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>7. Wall-Station Push-Button</b>	<u>Does the garage door have at least one working wall-mounted push-button, and are all push-buttons mounted in clear view of the door, safely away from all moving parts and at least five feet above the standing surface?</u> Locate the wall-station push-button and measure the vertical distance between the button and the adjacent standing surface. The button should be at least five feet above the standing surface and high enough to be out of reach of small children. Press the push button to see if it successfully operates the door.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>8. Photoelectric Eyes Location</b>	<u>Is the beam no higher than six inches above the floor, or can it be verified by the door manufacturer that photoelectric eyes are not necessary?</u> [Federal law states that residential garage door operators manufactured after 1992 must be equipped with photoelectric eyes or some other safety-reverse feature that meets UL 325 standards.] This check is for doors with operators. Check to see if photoelectric eyes are present. They will typically be found near the floor, mounted to the left and right sides at the bottom of the door opening. If photoelectric eyes are present, measure the vertical distance between the photo-eye beam and the floor. NOTE: Unless a garage door and operator are specifically designed as a system without photoelectric eyes, the operator should be replaced if photoelectric eyes are not present	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>9. Non-Contact Reversal Test</b>	<u>Does the door immediately reverse and return to the fully open position?</u> This check applies to door systems that are equipped with photoelectric eyes. Standing inside the garage, but safely away from the path of the door, use the remote control or wall button to close the door. As the door is closing, wave an object in the path of the photoelectric eye beam.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>10. Contact Reversal Test</b>	<u>When the door contacts the wood, does the door automatically reverse direction and return to the fully open position?</u> [UL 325 requires this test, but in some rare cases, this test has damaged the door system when the operator's force-setting has been improperly set or when the operator reinforcement bracket is not securely or appropriately attached to the top section. If you have any concerns that this test may cause damage, a trained door systems technician should check the entire system and conduct the test.] This check applies to doors with operators. Begin this test with the door fully open. Under the center of the door, place a 2x4 piece of wood flat on the floor, in the path of the door. Standing inside the garage, but safely away from the path of the door, use the remote control or wall button to close the door.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

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